



**Test Description:** The EmSAT English Achieve assesses the extent to which a test taker is ready to study in an English-medium college or university. It is a computer-based exam and has six major sections – Grammar, Vocabulary, Sentence Construction, Cloze Reading, Extended Reading, and Writing. Test sections, questions, and options are randomized for most of the test. Sections and subsections of the test are timed by the computer. Test-takers can see how much time they have throughout the exam.

Test Duration:	125 minutes (approximately)
Questions:	110 questions, including one essay (250 words)
Content Areas:	Grammar, Vocabulary, Reading, and Writing
Task Types:	Multiple Choice, Fill-in the-Blanks, Drag and Drop, Essay, Reading, and Sentence Re-Ordering

EmSAT Achieve English				
Score	Score Descriptors			
2000	Can easily understand almost everything heard or read. Can summarize spoken or written information. Can express him or herself spontaneously, fluently and precisely, even in complex situations. (CEFR Band C2)			
1625 – 1975	Can understand a wide range of texts. Can express him or herself fluently and spontaneously without much difficulty. Can use language flexibly and produce clear, well-structured, text on complex subjects. (CEFR Band C1)			
1250 – 1600	Can understand the main ideas of complex text. Can interact with native speakers without strain. Can produce clear, detailed text on a wide range of subjects and explain a viewpoint. (CEFR Band B2)			
875 – 1225	Can understand main points of familiar subjects in work, school, and leisure. Can deal with most situations while travelling where English is spoken. Can produce simple connected text or describe experiences on familiar or personal topics. (CEFR Band B1)			
500 – 850	Can understand sentences and common expressions on basic personal and family information, shopping, or routine. Can communicate regarding simple familiar or routine matters. Can describe simple aspects of environment and immediate needs. (CEFR Band A1)			
300 – 475	Can understand and use everyday expressions and very basic phrases for immediate needs. Can introduce him or herself and give personal details (address, friends or possessions). Can interact if the other person talks slowly and clearly and is helpful. (CEFR Band A1)			

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### **Appendix 1: Content Areas**

Test-takers receive four scores in the Achieve English test:

- EmSAT Overall Score: a combined score for Reading and Writing, between 300 and 2000.
- Reading Score: a CEFR band is awarded for Reading, which includes questions in Grammar and Vocabulary as well as different types of reading texts. Question types can include multiple choice, drag and drop, fill-in-the-blanks, or sentence reordering.
- Writing Score: a CEFR band is awarded for Writing, based on a 30-minute, 250-word typed essay on a single topic.
- **EmSAT Band**: This is the overall CEFR level of the student between A1 and C2 combining the Writing and Reading bands.

See Appendix 3: Detailed EmSAT Descriptors for information on the CEFR bands

## Reading

#### Grammar

In the Grammar sections in the test, test-takers are assessed on their ability to select the correct word or words to complete a sentence. Grammar content is primarily based on the English Grammar Profile Project (www.englishprofile.org). Questions can be multiple-choice, fill in the blanks, drag and drop, or re-ordering words to form a sentence.

### Vocabulary

The Vocabulary sections consist of short multiple-choice vocabulary questions which assess the extent to which students know the high-frequency words needed to function effectively in an English-medium environment. Vocabulary content is primarily based on the English Vocabulary Project (<a href="www.englishprofile.org">www.englishprofile.org</a>). The list has been screened to ensure that the words are culturally appropriate and useful in an academic context. Questions can be multiple-choice, fill in the blanks, drag and drop, or re-ordering words to form a sentence.

### **Cloze Reading Passages**

In Cloze reading passage sections, test-takers see blanks in short (200-word) readings where level-appropriate words have been removed. The removed words are presented above the text and test takers drag the words to fill the blanks.

#### **Extended Reading**

This Reading section includes three reading texts, including descriptive, narrative, or expository texts, ranging from 275 words to 550 words. Reading skills tested include: identifying the main idea, simple factual details, finding the meaning of an unfamiliar word, inference (understanding what is implied), and sequencing (understanding the order of events). Questions on reading passages are multiple-choice.

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### Writing:

The Writing component consists of a single writing task. The response is word-processor mediated, and test takers are expected to write 200-250 words. The prompt is given in English and Arabic. The task is assessed by at least two professional markers using a holistic banding scale (see Writing Scale in Appendix 3), and the test-taker is awarded a band on the CEFR scale between A1 and C2. The Writing is included in the Overall score.

#### **Timing**

The EmSAT English Achieve test is divided into multiple sections. Each section is timed individually. When a test-takers have used all the allotted time for a section, their responses are saved and they are moved automatically to the next section. The total time allotted for the test is about 125 minutes, but candidates can finish as soon as they have answered all questions in all sections.

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## **Appendix 2: Sample Items**

1.	Stude	nts who get good grades sent to France for a two-year course.
Α.	0	were
В.	0	to be
C.	0	is being
D.	0	will be
2.	I can	start early or work late: my hours are
A.	0	flexibility
В.	0	flexibly
C.	0	flexible
D.	0	flex
3.		people use their credit card without thinking, but eventually they will have to and pay their bills.
3. A.		
		and pay their bills.
A.	0	and pay their bills. have the best of both worlds
A. B.	000	_ and pay their bills.  have the best of both worlds  turn a blind eye
A. B. C.	0000	and pay their bills.  have the best of both worlds  turn a blind eye  run wild
A. B. C.	O O O We h	and pay their bills.  have the best of both worlds  turn a blind eye  run wild  face the music
A. B. C. D.	O O O We h	_ and pay their bills.  have the best of both worlds  turn a blind eye  run wild  face the music  have achieved some of our goals, but remains to be done.
A. B. C. D. 4.	0 0 0 0 We f	and pay their bills.  have the best of both worlds  turn a blind eye  run wild  face the music  have achieved some of our goals, but remains to be done.  the more

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5. Drag the words into the blanks below to complete the sentence.

out	let	kept	away	down	locked	gave	in

6. Drag all the words into the spaces to make a correct sentence.



- The guide showed us round the castle, \_\_\_\_\_ we thought was very beautiful, and then he drove us to the airport.
- A. O what
- B. O which
- C. () that
- D. Of which
- 8. Drag the words into the blanks below to make a correct sentence.



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9.	The I	ion which escaped from the zoo was last night and returned
	to the	
A.	$\circ$	distinguished
В.	0	captured
C.	0	gathered
D.	0	released
10.	You o	don't need to water those flowers - they're!
A.	0	approximate
В.	0	absurd
C.	0	artificial
D.	0	accessible
11.		can carry light loads, but items have to be transported by or by rail.
A.	0	alert
В.	0	chaotic
C.	0	bulky
D.	0	variable
12.		hts for London had to land in Manchester because of the bad ather.
,	A. C	reluctant
-	в. С	bound
	c. C	vague
-	D. C	shabby
13.		the game finished, people in the crowd jumped over the and onto the field to hug the players.
12	А. С	) inflation
	в. С	) barrier
	c. C	) heel
	D. C	\ dilemma

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14.	The p	police said he had started the fire, but he denied the
A.	0	allegation
В.	0	accessory
C.	0	assignment
D.	0	annoyance
15.		e was an incredible sale in the store. I got and bought too n stuff!
A.	0	helped out
В.	0	spread out
C.	0	carried away
D.	0	blown up
16.		also and for from into it of that the to until will
	Wa	t three years after it was first announced, one Dubai's grandest projects - the Dubai ter Canal - opened in November 2016. The project turns Bur Dubai an island in the Idle of the city, linking Business Bay and the Creek with the Arabian Gulf.
	bus	e developers believe the canal will attract millions of visitors each year. Tourist and siness activities in surrounding areas will increase, and anyone owing land or a house near canal can expect to rise in value.
	(Cr	ter flowing through the canal improve the quality of water of all the waterways eek, Business Bay and the Water Canal). Moreover, the canal will also help lower temperature in the city.
	will	It by over 4,600 workers, the canal will improve transport links in the city. Visitors now be able to take a boat from the old Gold Souk in Deira all the way up creek to siness Bay, or travel Jumeirah to Bur Dubai.
	Alo	ng the canal, footpaths, running tracks, and parks will allow locals and visitors a chance to enjoy the canal's waterfalls, bridges, and traffic.

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17. Drag the words to the spaces. There are two extra words.

	absolutely	advar	ntages	climate	conne	ct d	lisappeared	entertains	huge
	location	miles	number	sunshir	ne tax	es			
maker	s wanted to	find a be	etter	In	New Yo	rk, ev		too expensi	y 1910, movie- ive; workers,
away o	on the other	side of t	the count e could n	try, was f nake film	ull of s all thr	ough		ia, the warm	ds of weather and was cheaper.
at the	foot of some	small d	lry hills. I such as	Movies a MGM, 2	re expe	nsive	w studios in a to make. Fo Fox, Warner I	r this reason	
Walt D	isney and S						ones have ap ollywood has	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	npanies like lot in 80 years,

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### Questions 18, 19 and 20:

The golden-headed lion tamarin is a small, squirrel-sized monkey, about 26 cm long with a 35 cm tail and a long, golden, lion-like mane around its face. It is predominantly black with golden fur at the front of the mane, the lower half of the front paws and part of the tail. Their face, hands and feet remain bare. Their feet have sharp claws (most other primates have nails) that are useful for gripping and climbing branches and also for grabbing insects to eat.

During the day, the golden-headed lion tamarins roam their territory looking for food. Their diet consists of sweet pulpy fruits, insects and small lizards. They are especially fond of the tiny invertebrates that live in small pools of rainwater that collect in the upper forest canopy. They will also **forage** on the forest floor in search of insects. As evening falls, the tamarins return to their nest, usually a hole in a hollow tree. The entrance hole to the nest is too small for most nocturnal predators of the region, so they can sleep in safety.

Hawks, cats, and large snakes are the main predators of golden lion tamarins. The tamarins give alarm calls in response to strange or threatening stimuli. They have a particular alarm call for large birds overhead. When that call is made, the animals head for the trunks of the trees or sometimes just let themselves fall to the ground. The alarm call and the response seem to be genetic, rather than learned. Even tamarins that have always lived inside a zoo make the call and head for safety in a tree when hawks fly over.

Tamarins live in small family groups of about four or five animals, consisting of a breeding pair and their youngest <u>offspring</u>. The young will stay with their parents after they are weaned and will help their parents raise the newest young. The parents have a strong pair-bond and will stay with each other for life.

10	vvnai	kind of animal is a tamarin?
A.	0	squirrel
B.	0	lizard
C.	0	monkey
D.	0	lion
19	Which	h part of the tamarin has golden fur?
A.	0	nose
В.	0	feet
c.	0	hands
D.	0	tail
20	How	do tamarins differ from most other primates?
A.	0	They sleep in a nest.
В.	0	They live in family groups.
C.	0	They climb trees.
D.	0	They have claws.

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### Questions 21 and 22:

### Anna Atkins, Photographer

Today everyone can take photographs quickly and easily with just a phone or digital camera, and quickly share them online with friends or family. However, when photography was new, people needed a lot of equipment, chemicals, and scientific knowledge.

Few people know that some of the first photographs ever published were taken by a woman. Anna Atkins was the daughter of an English scientist called John Children, who studied biology, astronomy, and minerals. Her mother died soon after Anna was born in 1799, so she was brought up by her father. Perhaps because of this, Anna received a good scientific education. When she was 24 years old, she helped her father with drawings of sea shells for a book that he had written. After marrying her husband John Atkins in 1825, she continued to collect and study plants and flowers.

Her husband and her father were friends with one of the first photographers in the world, Henry Fox Talbot. At the time, he was trying many new types of photography, and Anna became interested in one type: camera-less photography using cyanotype paper.

Camera-less photography, as you may have guessed, does not need a camera. Instead, the things you want to photograph are put on a special paper, called cyanotype paper. The paper has chemicals in it which change color with light. Suplight is shone on the paper for a few minutes, and a

21	The reading says that Anna's education may have happened because
L	her father was a scientist and wanted her to learn
L	her mother wanted Anna to be a scientist
	her husband pushed her to study harder
	Henry Fox Talbot taught her about plants and animals
22	. The pictures in John Children's book were
	O drawn by his daughter
	O photographed by his daughter
	O photographed by Henry Fox Talbot

23.	Type a single word in the blank to complete the sentence.
	Fatima wants work as a teacher after she finishes school.
24	Type a single word in the blank to complete the sentence.
	I wasn't hungry because I already eaten.

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25. Write 200 - 250 words on the following topic:

## **Answer Key:**

1 D	
2 C	
3 D	
4 B	
5 locke	ed / out
6 My y	ounger brother is nearly as tall as I am.
7 B	
8 My n	ew car is faster than my old one.
9 B	
10 C	
11 C	
12 B	
13 B	
14 A	
15 C	
16 of, in	to, that, it, will, to, also, the, from, and.
17 locat	ion, taxes, climate, miles, advantages, sunshine, huge, number, disappeared,
entei	rtains
18 C	
19 D	
20 D	
21 A	
22 A	
23 to	
24 had	

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## **Appendix 3: Other Supporting Documents**

Document 1: Detailed EmSAT Descriptors

Document 2: Writing Marking Scale (Public)

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### **Document 1: Detailed EmSAT Descriptors**

EmSAT Score	CEFR	CEFR Descriptors	Level	
2000	C2	Can understand with ease virtually everything heard or read. Can summarize information from different spoken and written sources, reconstructing arguments and accounts in a coherent presentation. Can express him or herself spontaneously, very fluently and precisely, differentiating finer shades of meaning even in more complex situations.	Pro	
1625 – 1975	C1	Can understand a wide range of demanding, longer texts, and recognize implicit meaning. Can express him or herself fluently and spontaneously without much obvious searching for expressions. Can use language flexibly and effectively for social, academic and professional purposes. Can produce clear, well-structured, detailed text on complex subjects, showing controlled use of organizational patterns, connectors and cohesive devices.	Proficient	
1250 – 1600	B2	Can understand the main ideas of complex text on both concrete and abstract topics, including technical discussions in his or her field of specialization. Can interact with a degree of fluency and spontaneity that makes regular interaction with native speakers quite possible without strain for either party. Can produce clear, detailed text on a wide range of subjects and explain a viewpoint on a topical issue giving the advantages and disadvantages of various options.	Indep	
875 – 1225	B1	Can understand the main points of clear standard input on familiar matters regularly encountered in work, school, leisure, etc. Can deal with most situations likely to arise whilst travelling in an area where the language is spoken. Can produce simple connected text on topics which are familiar or of personal interest. Can describe experiences and events, dreams, hopes & ambitions and briefly give reasons and explanations for opinions and plans.	Independent	
500 – 850	A2	Can understand sentences and frequently used expressions related to areas of most immediate relevance (e.g. very basic personal and family information, shopping, local geography, employment). Can communicate in simple and routine tasks requiring a simple and direct exchange of information on familiar and routine matters. Can describe in simple terms aspects of his or her background, immediate environment and matters in areas of immediate need.	Basic	
300 – 475	A1	Can understand and use familiar everyday expressions and very basic phrases aimed at the satisfaction of needs of a concrete type. Can introduce him or herself and others and can ask and answer questions about personal details such as where he or she lives, people he or she knows and things he or she has. Can interact in a simple way provided the other person talks slowly and clearly and is prepared to help.	ic	

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## **Document 2: Writing Marking Scale (Public)**

	General	Vocabulary & Grammar	Mechanics
C2	Comprehensive and reliable mastery of a very wide range of language. Can formulate thoughts precisely, give emphasis, differentiate, and eliminate ambiguity.	Consistent grammatical control of complex language. A very broad lexical repertoire.	No spelling or punctuation errors.
C1	Writes clear, smoothly flowing, complex texts with a broad range of language in an appropriate and effective style. Logical structure helps readers find significant points.	High grammatical accuracy. Good command of a broad lexical repertoire, with idioms.	Layout, paragraphing and punctuation are consistent and helpful. Spelling is accurate, with occasional slips.
B2	Expresses him/herself clearly and without much sign of having to restrict language. Sufficient language for clear descriptions, express viewpoints and arguments on general topics. Some complex sentence forms used. Can use different registers.	Good range of generally accurate vocabulary for most general topics. Uses a variety of linking words efficiently.	Clearly intelligible continuous writing using standard layout and paragraphs. Spelling and punctuation reasonably accurate but show L1.
B1	Sufficient language to describe unpredictable situations and topics such as family, interests, work, travel, and current events. Can explain main points of a problem in a linear sequence with some precision.	Reasonable accuracy in familiar contexts. Errors occur but meaning usually clear. Repetition in vocab choice. Noticeable L1 influence.	Continuous writing which is generally intelligible throughout. Spelling, punctuation, and layout are accurate enough to be followed most of the time.
A2	A repertoire of basic language to deal with everyday situations. Uses brief, basic sentence patterns and memorized phrases and formulae on simple concrete needs and personal details. Frequent breakdowns in non-routine situations.	Some simple structures used correctly, but regularly makes basic mistakes, e.g., in verb tense choice or agreement	Can copy short sentences on everyday subjects, e.g., directions. Can write short words with reasonable phonetic accuracy (not standard spelling).
A1	Uses a very basic range of simple expressions about personal details and needs of a concrete type. Can write simple isolated phrases and sentences.	Only limited control of a few simple grammatical structures.	Can copy familiar words and short phrases: simple signs or instructions, everyday objects. Can spell address, nationality and personal details.

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